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2. (Fusarium nivale). 1- 1000 -

(. 3).

Fusarium nivale. 5

%

2007-2008

(. 2).

2. 2007-2008						
	%	%	1	1000		/9
1	20,2	3,2	0,88	41,0	21	5,12
2	32,4	4,3	0,91	41,0	22	5,16
3	1,2	0,7	0,84	40,7	21	5,19
4	20,6	4,0	0,87	41,8	21	5,22
5	24,3	4,5	0,83	41,0	20	5,05
6	20,7	3,3	0,87	41,1	21	5,25
7	1,0	0,6	0,77*	40,1	19*	5,20
8	24,8	5,5	0,92	41,4	22	5,17
9	0,8	0,2	0,75*	39,2*	19*	5,18
10	19,0	1,7	0,79*	40,5	20	5,12
05	-	-	0,08	1,4	2	0,21

1000

3.				
	r	Sr	tr	d=r ²
1x2	-0,239	0,34	-0,70	0,057
1x3	-0,227	0,34	-0,66	0,052
1x4	0,054	0,35	0,15	0,003
1x5	0,018	0,35	0,05	0,000
2x3	0,877	0,17	5,18	0,770
2x4	0,834	0,20	4,28	0,696
2x5	0,815	0,20	3,98	0,664
3x4	0,787	0,22	3,61	0,619
3x5	0,714	0,25	2,88	0,510
4x5	0,836	0,19	4,31	0,699
t ₀₅ 2,31				

1 - , /9 - 2; 2 - , %; 3 - , %; 4 - , %; 5 - 1000

1. , 1985. -336 .
2. , 1988. -20 . 3.

Fusarium nivale (Fr) Ces., Typhula incarnata Lasch. ex Fr.

, 1975. - 21 . 4. // , 1988. - 12. - 18-19. 5. // Typhula , 1960. - . 45, 4. - 567-572.

ROLE OF FUNGICIDES AND SEED TREATER FOR CONTROL OF GRAY SNOW MOLD ON WINTER WHEAT

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Summary. It's known that gray snow mold (caused by *Typhula ishikariensis*) could be controlled by applying fungicides prior to snow fall. A field experiment was conducted from 2006 to 2008. We examined fungicides: alto super (propiconazole+cyproconazole), fundazole (benomil) and seed treater: maxim (fludioxanil), fundazole (benomil). Only seed treatment didn't provide control of gray snow mold but systemic fungicide alto super provided control when applied prior to the first permanent snow cover in the fall.

Key words: snow mold, *Typhula ishikariensis*, winter wheat, fungicides.